Area	Key Stage 1 Aims	Key Stage 2 Aims
Computer Science (CS)	<ol> <li>Understand what algorithms are; how they are implemented as programs on digital devices; and that programs execute by following precise and unambiguous instructions</li> <li>Create and debug simple programs</li> <li>Use logical reasoning to predict the behaviour of simple programs</li> </ol>	<ol> <li>Design, write and debug programs that accomplish specific goals, including controlling or simulating physical systems; solve problems by decomposing them into smaller parts</li> <li>Use sequence, selection, and repetition in programs; work with variables and various forms of input and output</li> <li>Use logical reasoning to explain how some simple algorithms work and to detect and correct errors in algorithms and programs</li> <li>Understand computer networks including the internet; how they can provide multiple services, such as the World Wide Web</li> <li>Appreciate how [search] results are selected and ranked</li> </ol>
Information Technology (IT)	1. Use technology purposefully to create, organise, store, manipulate and retrieve digital content	2. Use search technologies effectively 3. Select, use and combine a variety of software (including internet services) on a range of digital devices to design and create a range of programs, systems and content that accomplish given goals, including collecting, analysing, evaluating and presenting data and information
Digital Literacy (DL)	<ol> <li>Recognise common uses of information technology beyond school</li> <li>Use technology safely and respectfully, keeping personal information private; identify where to go for help and support when they have concerns about content or contact on the internet or other online technologies</li> </ol>	3. Understand the opportunities [networks] offer for communication and collaboration 4. Be discerning in evaluating digital content 5. Use technology safely, respectfully and responsibly; recognise acceptable/unacceptable behaviour; identify a range of ways to report concerns about content and contact

Subject Year 1 Year 2 Year 3 Year 4 Year 5 Year 6 **EYFS** Content Computer Identify algorithms Describe algorithms Describe algorithms Design and write a Design and write a Design, write and Design, write and debug a Science used in everyday as sequences of as sequences of program using a program using a debug a program program using a second instructions in instructions or sets of block language block language to a using a block Algorithms, life. programming language based on their own ideas (using loops, problem Begin to sequence everyday contexts. rules in everyday (programs to given brief, language based on solving and Plan a sequence of including simple their own ideas sprites that move in a variety of instructions. contexts; understand include movement, steps to solve realthe importance of dialogue, sound (programs to include ways, allowing them to programmin Recognise, use and interaction g understand life problems. order and accuracy of effects, stages, (programs to multiple sprites, disappear and appear directional Program floor robots include variables, these. sprites, loops and multiple variables, randomly, manipulate variables language. using sequences of Program on screen variables) without stages, artificial sensors and and use operators that using sequences of Perform a simple instructions (using user interactions. intelligence and a conditional determine an outcome of a program on the directional language) instructions to Use sequence in scoring system). conditional statement). statements). floor robot. to implement an implement an Use sequence and Use sequence, Use sequence, selection, programs. Recognise that a algorithm. algorithm. Write a program to repetition in selection and repetition and variables in string of Create programs for Create programs as programs. repetition in produce output on programs. Write a program that accepts instructions or floor robots and sequences of screen. Write a program programs. commands placed sprites on the screen instructions when Explain how loops that accepts Write a program that inputs other than keyboard and together can create using a number of programming on and random keyboard input and accepts keyboard mouse and produces outputs steps in order before produces on-screen other than screen or speakers. a simple program. screen, correcting numbers are used and mouse input and Record the pressing the Go any errors. in a program. output. produces output on Design, write and debug their program used using button. Explain how Develop their own screen and through own computer control Begin to experiment symbols. Begin to use with variables. conditional simulation of a speakers. application. conditional language statements are simple physical Develop their own Solve problems using like "if" and "when." used in a program. system on screen. simple computer decomposition, tackling each control application. part separately. Understand what it means to Plan a solution to a Understand that coding is the decompose an problem using use of programming languages algorithm and decomposition. to make games, programs and decompose a computers things. program into Write and adapt programmes smaller parts. using Javascript and Python (print command, run button, input command, random

command).

Subject Content	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Computer Science Logical Reasoning	Describe what they think a program will do.	Explain what they think a program will do.	Give logical explanations of what a program will do under given circumstances, including some attempt at explaining why it does what it does.	Use logical reasoning to predict outcomes and detect errors in programs. Use and explain a simple, sequencebased algorithm in their own words.	Use logical reasoning to detect and correct errors in programs. Explain an algorithm using sequence and repetition in their own words.	Explain a rule- based algorithm in their own words. Use logical reasoning to detect errors in algorithms.	Give clear and precise logical explanations of a number of algorithms. Use logical reasoning to detect and correct errors in algorithms (and programs).
Computer Science Networks and search engines			Explain and understand how an email is sent.	Understand that email and videoconferencing are made possible through the internet.	Use and explain how search engines work. Explain how the internet makes the web possible. Understand that search engines rank pages according to relevance. Create a webpage and explain how web pages are created and transmitted.	Explain how search engines are ranked. Understand how data routing works on the internet. Explain how web pages are created and transmitted in their own words.	Understand how mobile phone or other networks operate. Understand how domain names are converted into IP addresses on the internet. Appreciate that search engines rank pages based on the number and quality of in-bound links.

Subject	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Content							
Information Technology Digital Productivity Creating content	Use digital technology to store and access content with some support. Create content using digital technology. Begin to use a mouse to navigate around a computer screen.	Use digital technology to store and retrieve content. Identify different kinds of content. Create original content using digital technology. Use a mouse to navigate around the computer screen.	Store, organise and retrieve content on digital devices for a given purpose. Create and edit original content for a given purpose using digital technology. Present findings using software and interpret the data. Input data accurately and present this information in graphical format.	Use a range of programs on a computer. Design and create content on a computer. Collect and present information.	Use and combine a range of programs on a computer. Design and create content on a computer in response to a given goal. Collect, analyse and present data.	Use and combine a range of programs on multiple devices. Design and create programs on a computer in response to a given goal. Analyse and evaluate information.	Select, use and combine a range of programs on multiple devices.  Design and create systems in response to a given goal.  Analyse and evaluate data using their chosen software and graphs.
Information Technology Searching				Search for information within a single site. Describe how search engines select pages according to keywords found in the content.	Use a standard search engine to find information using a range of strategies to be more successful in finding reliable information.	Use filters to make more effective use of a standard search engine. Understand that search engines use a cached copy of the crawled web to select and rank results.	Make use of a range of search engines appropriate to finding information that is required.

Subject	EYFS	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6
Content  Digital  Literacy  Digital  Citizenship &  Technology  Digital  Creativity	Describe what personal information is.  Understand the importance of asking for help from an adult when on the internet.  Identify some ways technology is used at home and in school.	Identify what personal information is. Identify what to do if they see disturbing content online at home or at school. Identify ways to keep themselves safe while using digital technology. Understand that information on the internet can be seen by others. Describe some of the risks that occur on the internet. Show an awareness of how IT is used for communication beyond school.	Explain what personal information is and develop awareness of why it is special and should not be shared. Explain what to do if they have concerns about content or contact online. Keep safe and show respect to others while using digital technology. Identify ways they can use the Internet to communicate with family and friends. Show an awareness of how IT is used for a range of purposes beyond school.	Identify who they can trust and share their personal information with online.  Use digital technology safely and show respect for others when working online.  Identify how to report concerns and inappropriate behaviour in school.  Recognise unacceptable behaviour when using digital technology.  Decide whether a web page is relevant for a given purpose or question.  Use email and videoconferencing in class appropriately.  Explain and understand online protocols, in order to stay safe on the web.  To identify cyberbullying and its consequences.  Identify the risks on online gaming and know how to protect themselves.	Demonstrate that they can act responsibly when using computers. Identify and explain the differences between acceptable and unacceptable behaviours when using digital technology. Know who to talk to about concerns and inappropriate behaviour at home or in school. Decide whether digital content is relevant for a given purpose or question. Collaboratively communicate with peers on a shared wiki appropriately. Begin to use a range of online communication tools, such as forums, email and polls in order to formulate, develop and exchange ideas. Describe the meaning of copyright and the importance of acknowledging sources.	Demonstrate that they can act responsibly when using the internet. Discuss the consequences of particular behaviours when using digital technology. Know how to report concerns and inappropriate behaviour in a range of contexts. Decide whether digital content is reliable and unbiased. Work collaboratively with peers on a class website or blog. Explain what is meant by copyright	Show that they can think through the consequences of their actions when using digital technology. Identify principles underpinning acceptable use of digital technologies. Know a range of ways to report concerns and inappropriate behaviour in a variety of contexts. Articulate an opinion about the effectiveness of digital content. Use online tools to plan and carry out a collaborative project successfully.